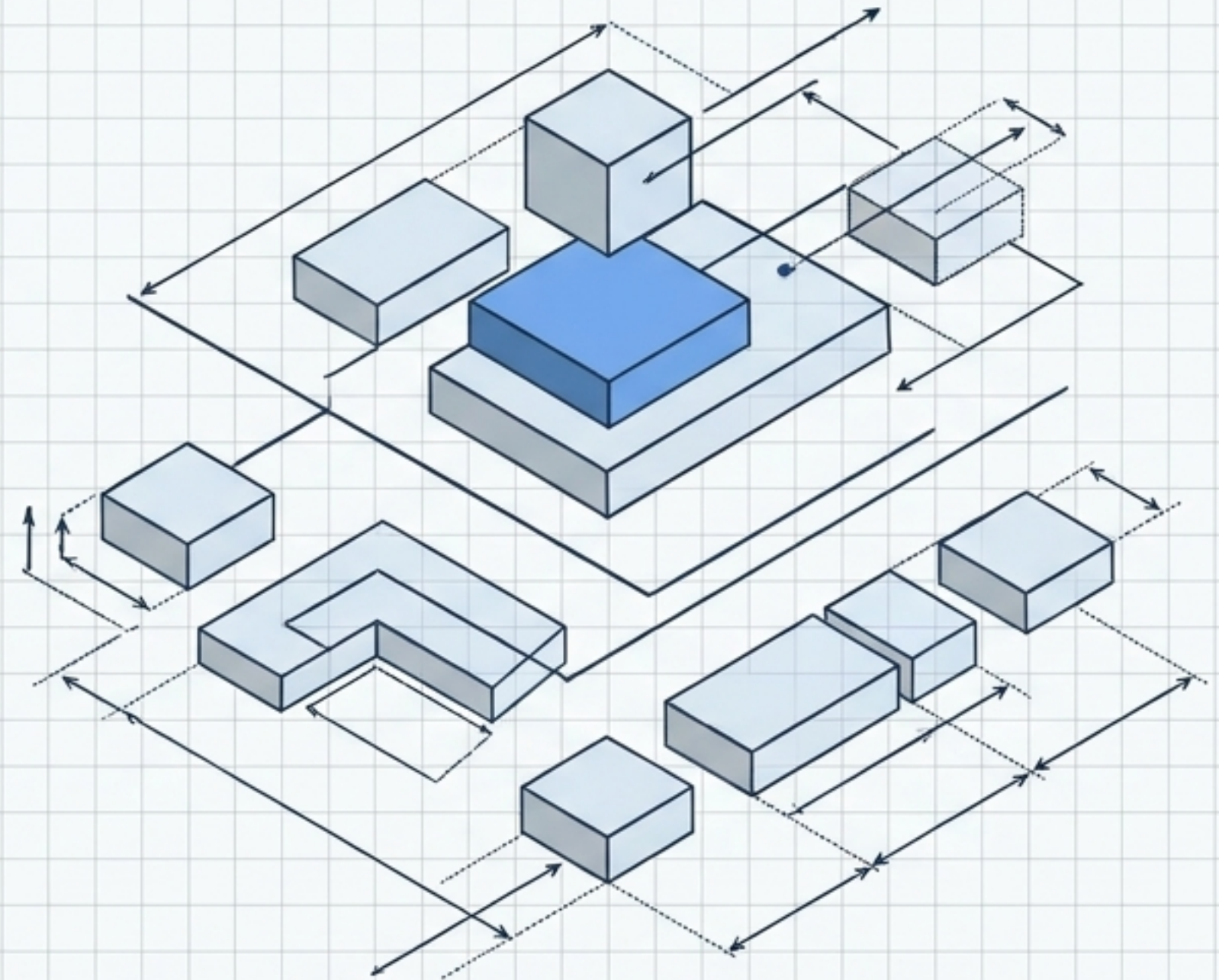


# Distributed Authoritative Governance Model

Multi-Plane Zero Trust Architecture  
in SkyDefended InfraApp (v1.1)

Document: D06 - IAM + PIM + ABAC  
Author: Ismael Cruz Casasola



# The Paradigm of Authoritative Sovereignty

SkyDefended InfraApp implements a sovereign layer of distributed authoritative governance built on explicit cryptographic trust.

## Identity-Centric

Authorization follows the cryptographically validated identity.

```
PKI_VALIDATED: true;  
ASSERTION_BOUND: user_did
```

## Context-Aware

Distributed local validation and real-time ABAC evaluation.

```
LOCAL_POLICY_EVAL: {policy_id: "P-0x1A4",  
timestamp: "T-NOW",  
risk_level: "LOW"}
```

## Application Autonomy

Provides the unified administrative layer without invading business logic.

```
ADMIN_LAYER: unified_control;  
BUSINESS_LOGIC: untouched;  
ENFORCEMENT: decentralized
```

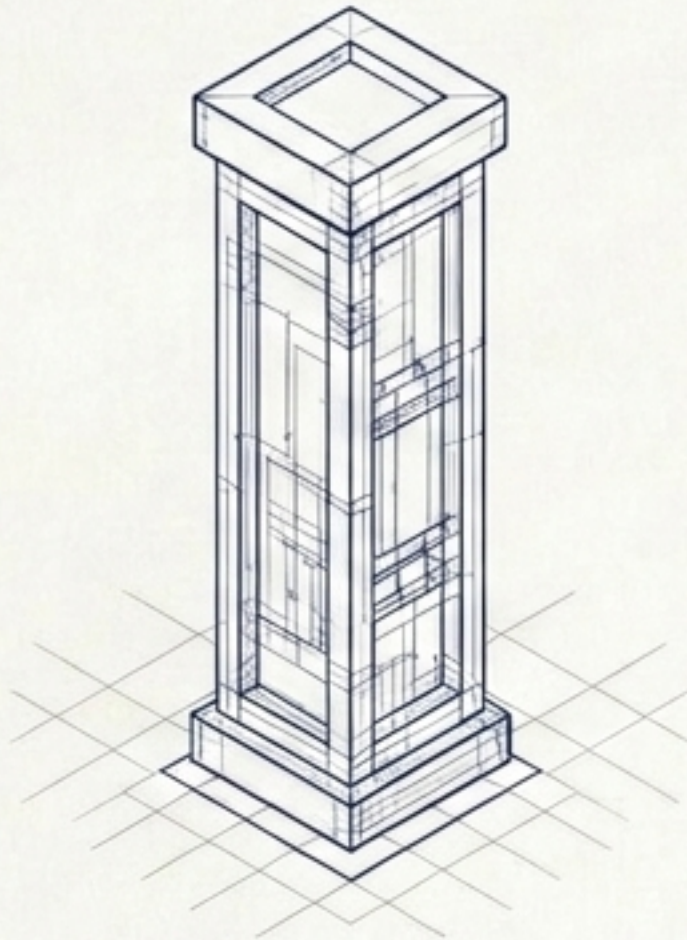
## Sovereign Shield

Multi-tenant ecosystem

```
ADMIN_LAYER: unified_control;  
BUSINESS_LOGIC: untouched;  
ENFORCEMENT: decentralized
```



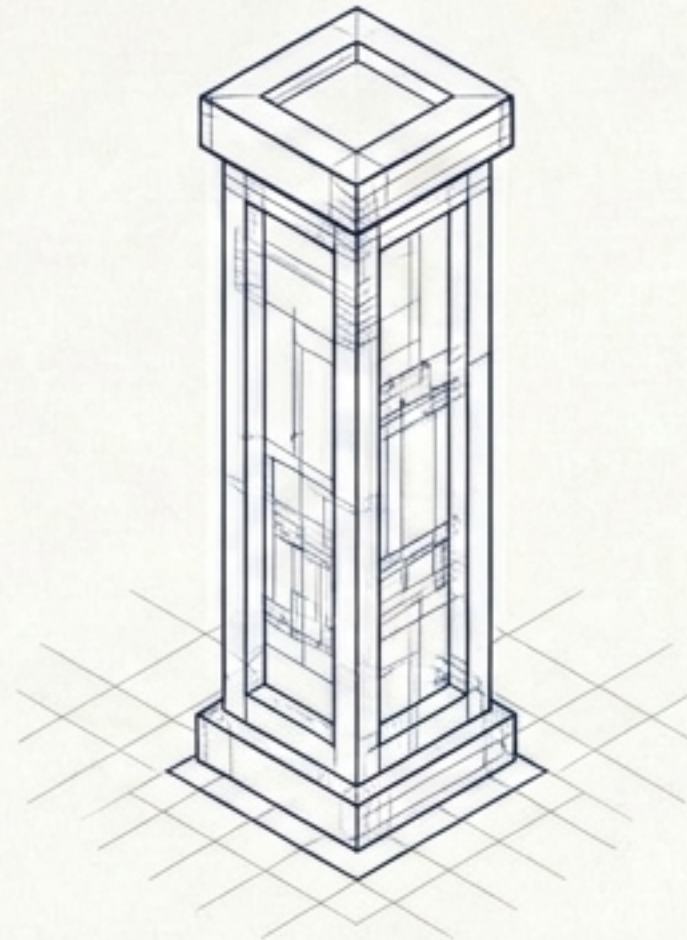
# Decoupling Access: The Zero Trust Triad



## Authentication (Identity)

**Question:** Who are you?

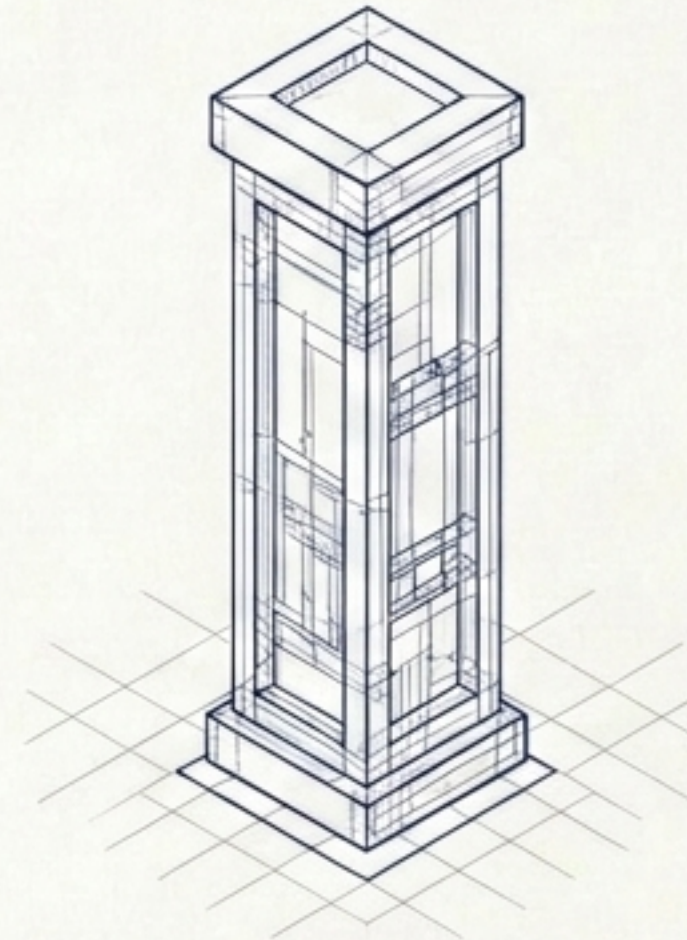
**Mechanism:** Valid identity, credentials, OIDC.



## Cryptographic Trust (D02)

**Question:** Can we relate?

**Mechanism:** RSA Signatures, JWKS, Trust Bundles, Engines.



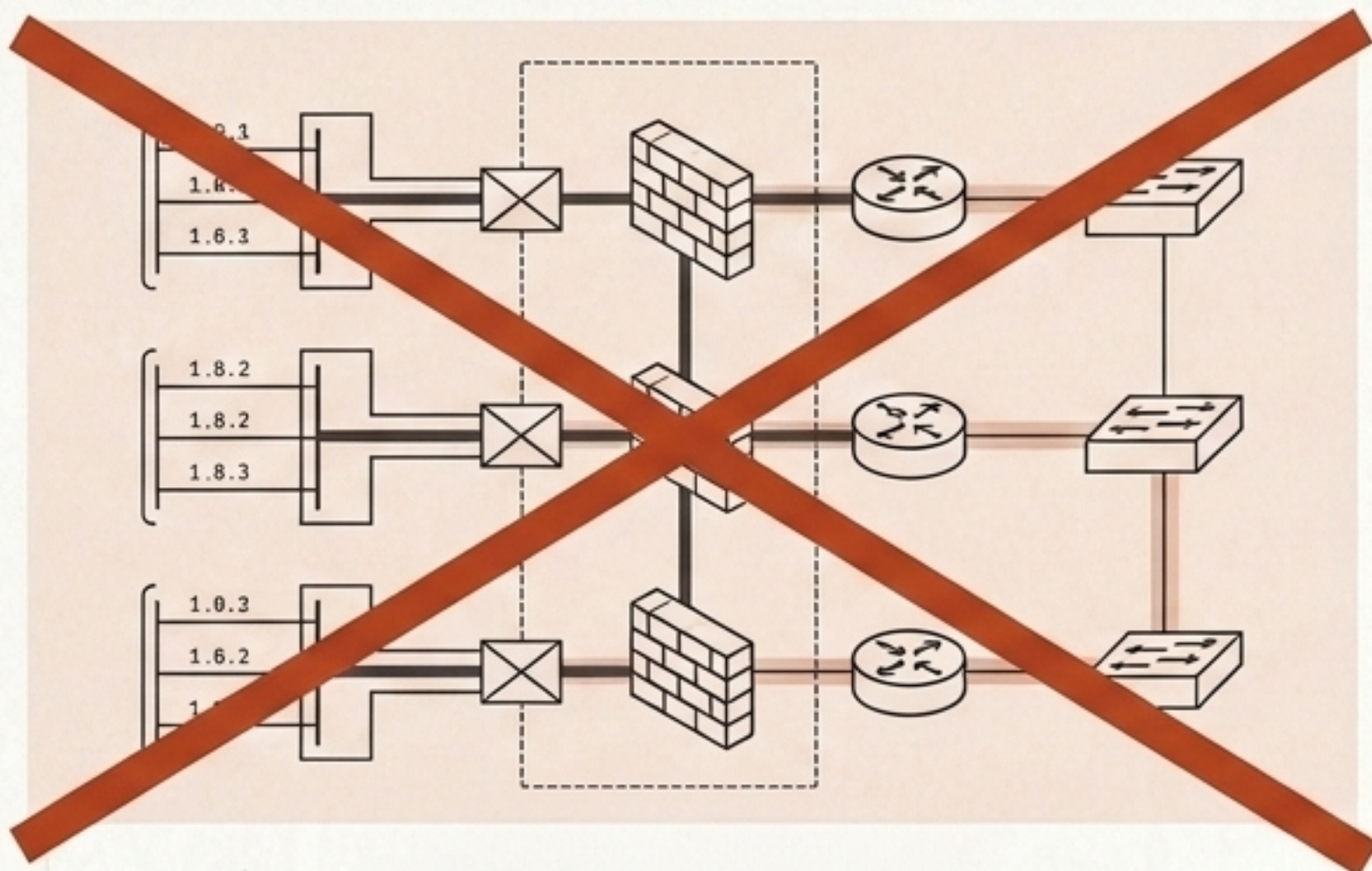
## Authorization (D06)

**Question:** What can you do in this relationship?

**Mechanism:** Explicit permissions, IAM, PIM, local validation.

Cryptographic trust and authorization represent strictly distinct layers of the system.

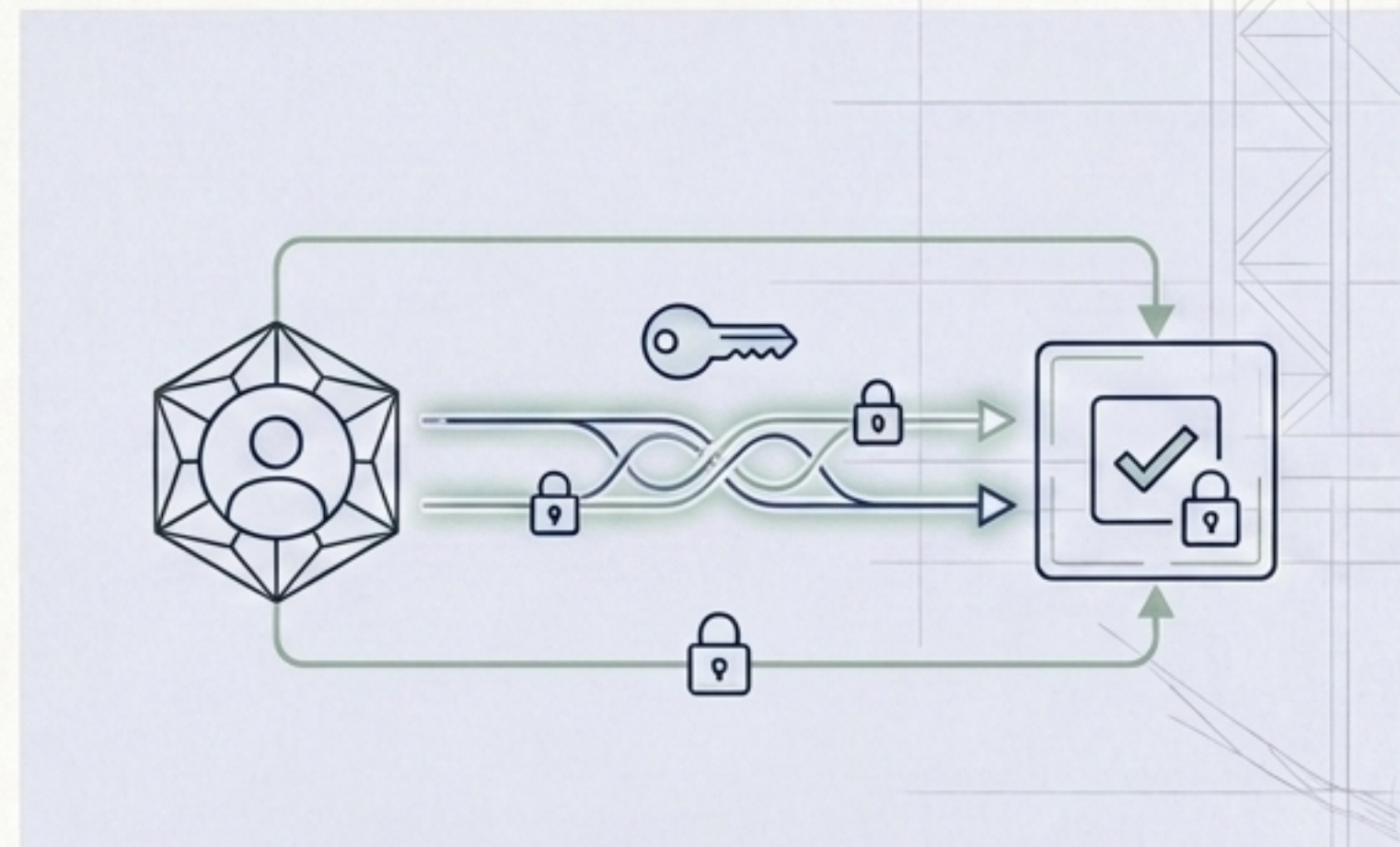
# Zero Trust Principles: Decision Vectors



## What We DO NOT Do

SkyDefended InfraApp does NOT base authorization on:

- Network or subnets.
- Cluster or shared infrastructure.
- Topological proximity.
- IP or physical location.

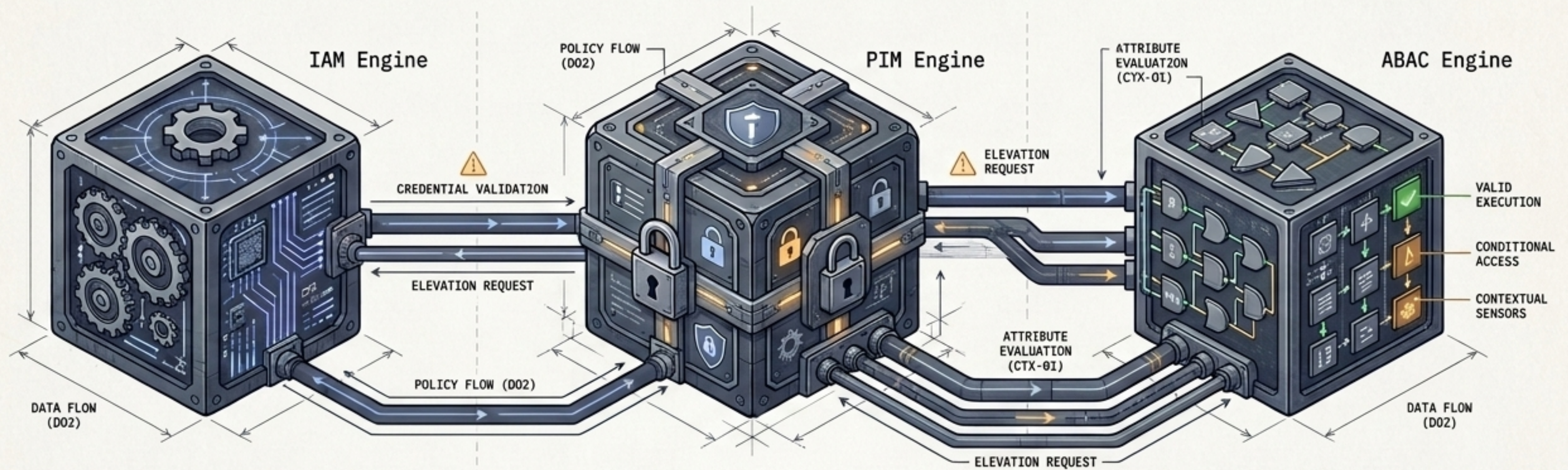


## What We DO

Authorization always derives from:

- Explicit identity.
- Declared authorizative capacity.
- Context.
- Cryptographically authorized relationships.
- Local validation.

# Governance Engines: IAM, PIM and ABAC




IAM (Identity & Access Management)	PIM (Privileged Identity Management)	ABAC (Attribute-Based Access Control)
<b>Nature:</b> Persistent structural capacity.	<b>Nature:</b> Contextual temporary elevation.	<b>Nature:</b> Contextual restriction.
<b>Purpose:</b> Daily operation, automation, base roles.	<b>Purpose:</b> Critical operations, destructive changes, auditing.	<b>Purpose:</b> Define under what conditions an already authorized capacity operates.
<b>Duration:</b> Permanent.	<b>Duration:</b> Limited (with automatic expiration).	<b>Mechanism:</b> Rules on bindings and roles.

# Isolation Topology: Control vs. Access

Control Plane



## Key Characteristics


- **Governs:** Platform Root of Trust, operators, authoritative synchronization.
- **Excludes:** Tenants, functional business logic.
- **Model:** PIM-First (Temporary elevation priority). 

TRUST BOUNDARY

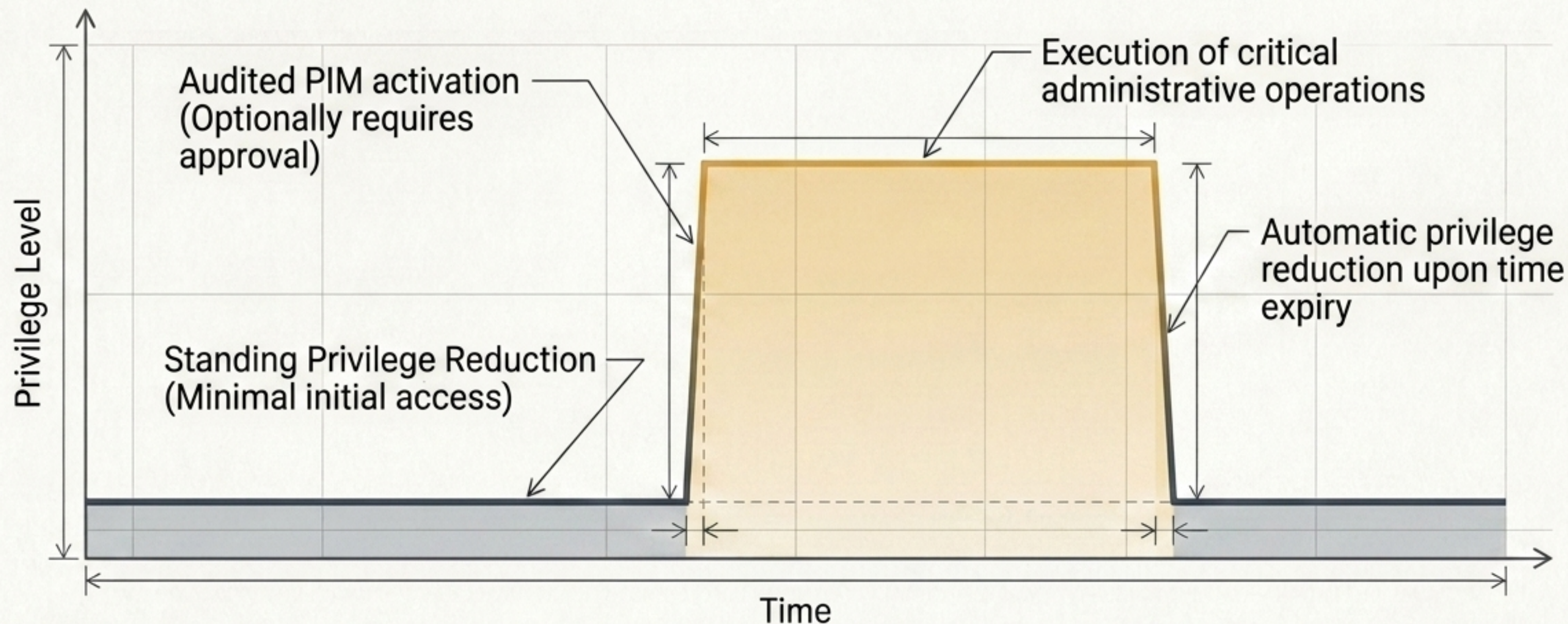
Access Plane



## Key Characteristics

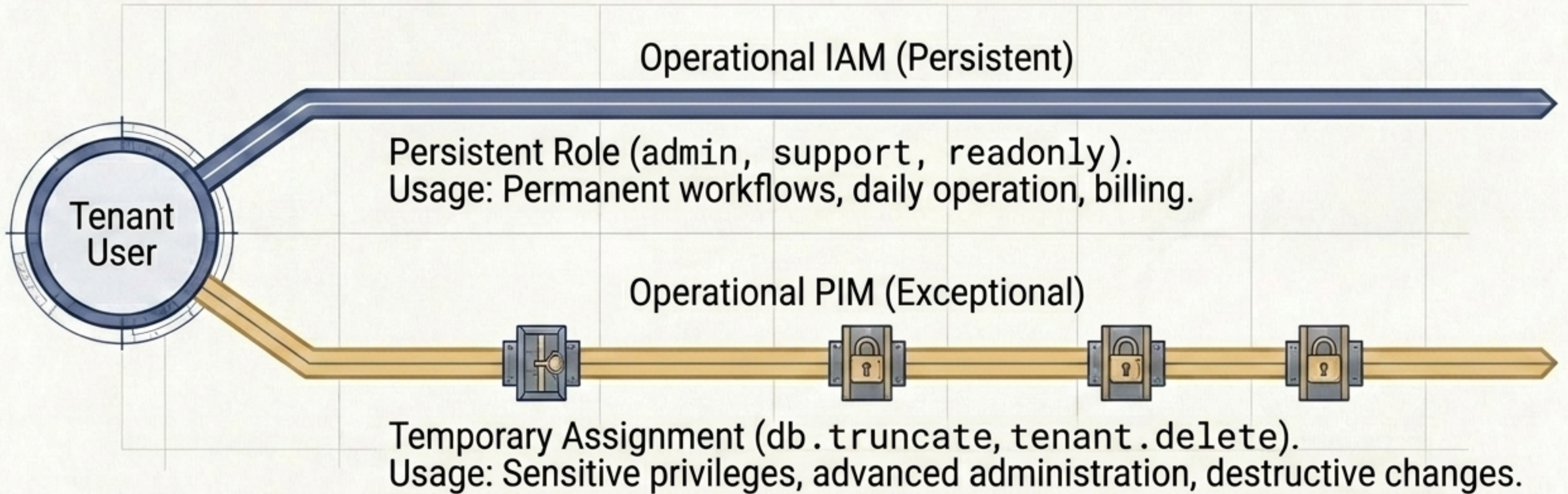
- **Governs:** Tenants, functional users, application administration.
- **Model:** Hybrid (Persistent operational IAM + PIM for sensitive ops.). 

# Control Plane: PIM-First Architecture



Permanent IAM roles are reserved for automation and machine identities. Human administrative operation occurs exclusively through temporary PIM elevation.

# Access Plane: Hybrid Operational Governance



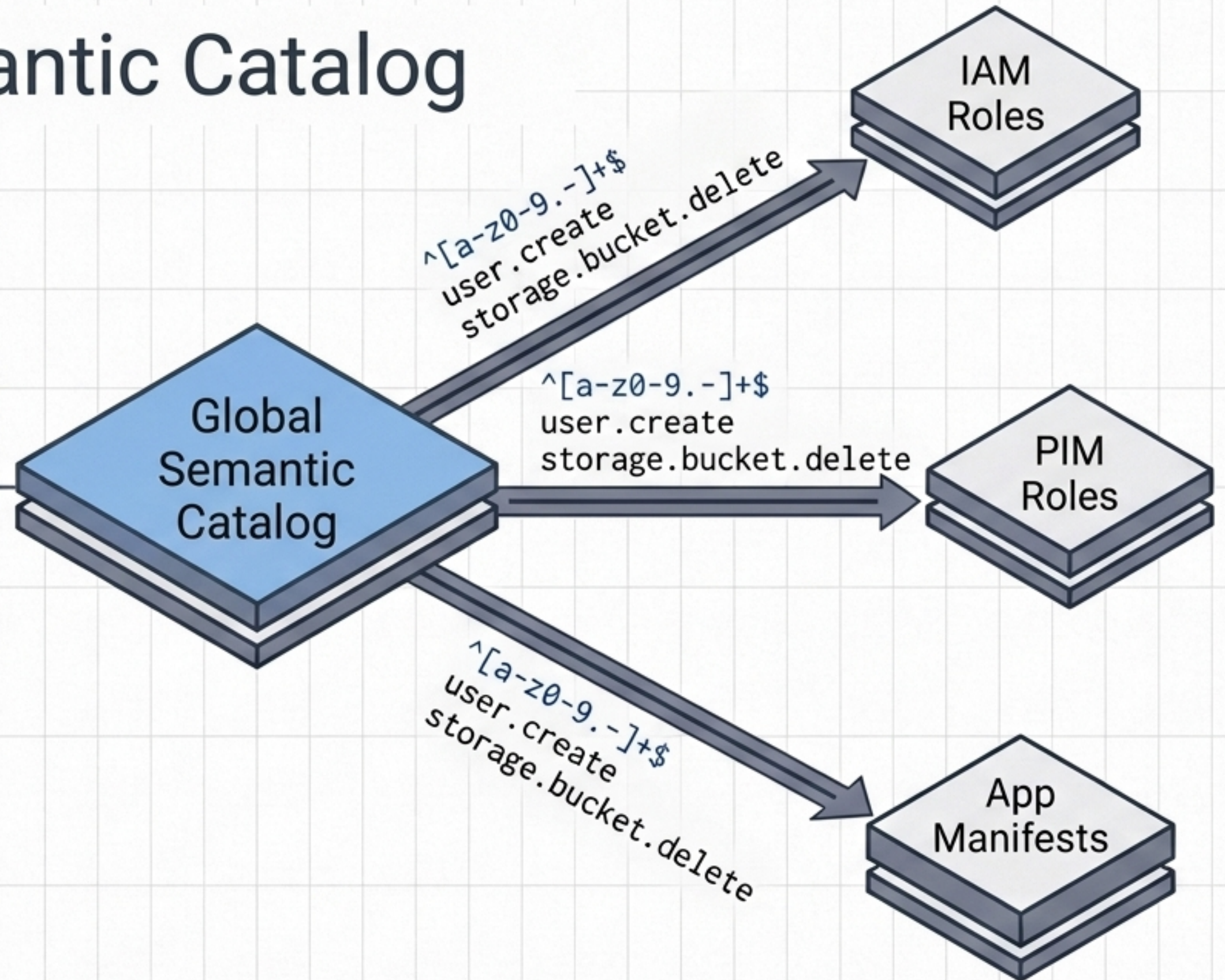
Users maintain one or several persistent IAM roles, with zero or several temporarily assignable PIM roles.

# The Global Semantic Catalog

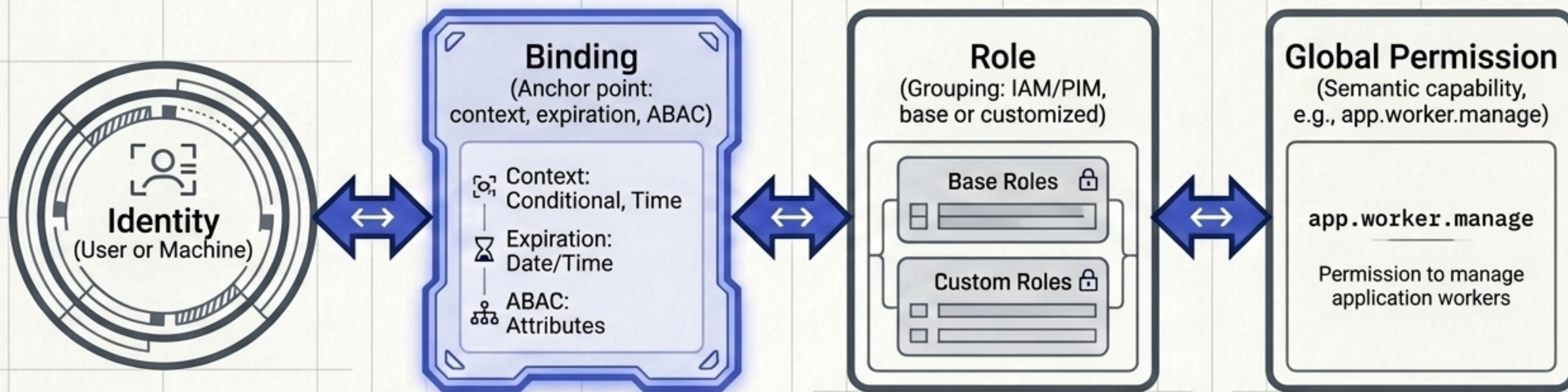
- **Global Semantic Identity:** Permissions are identified by unique slugs (e.g., `user.create`, `storage.bucket.delete`).
- **Single Source of Truth:** Permissions exist only once. PIM and IAM Roles instantiate the same semantic permissions without duplicating them.

## Exclusions

The catalog does NOT store state: it does not contain sessions, bindings, tenants, or active elevations. Only reusable definitions.



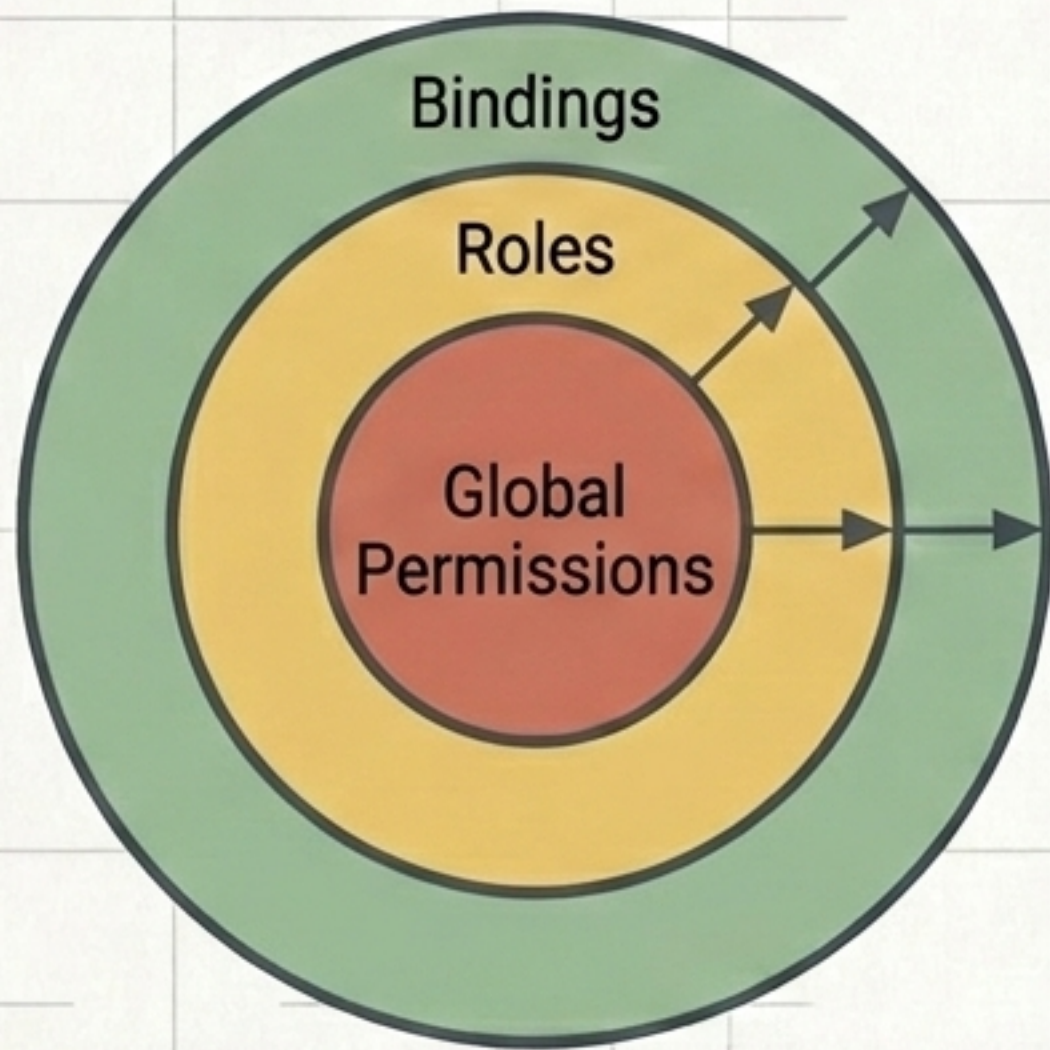
# Anatomy of Assignment: Authoritative Bindings



## Insight

The binding is the effective assignment. It dynamically relates identities to groupings of semantic capabilities.

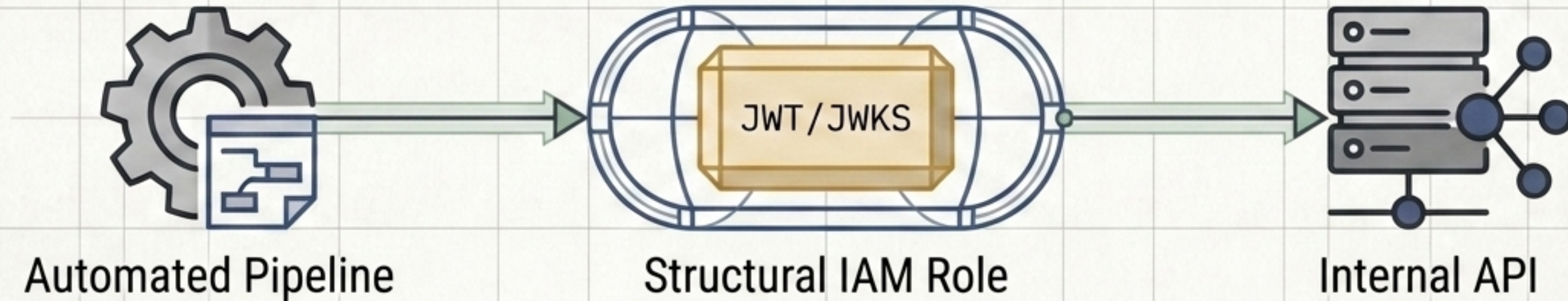
# “Blast Radius” Control: Contextual ABAC Strategy



- **(Red) NEVER on Permissions (Access):** Applying ABAC to global permissions causes contextual pollution, blocking system operations by propagating restrictions to all roles that use that permission.
- **(Green) YES on Bindings and Roles:** The ABAC contextual restriction is applied in the outer layers of assignment.

In the Access Plane, permissions remain as pure authoritative semantics. Contextualization occurs locally in the Binding.

# Machine Identity and Service Principals Governance



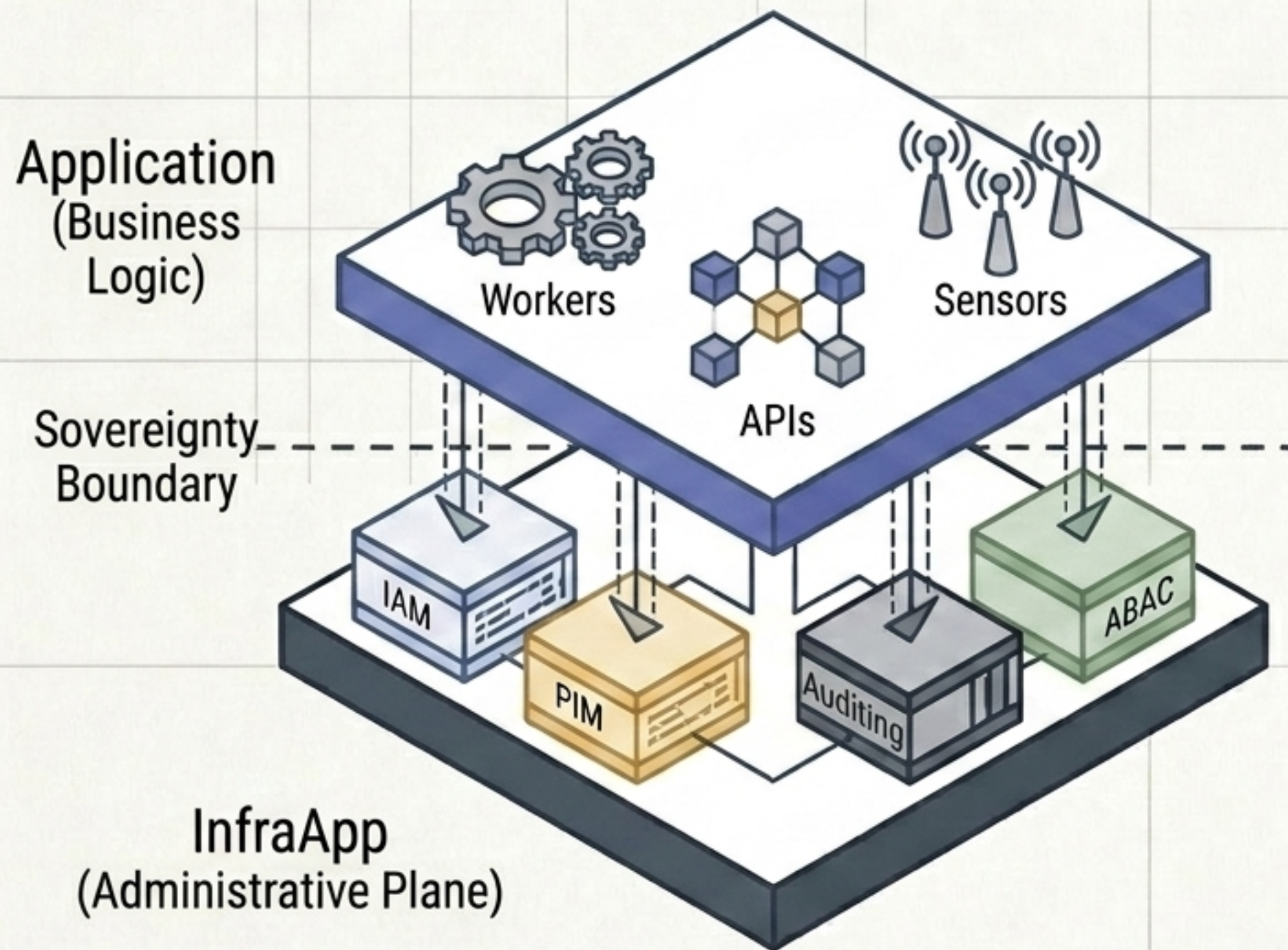
## Non-Human Subjects

Workers, internal processes, pipelines, App <-> App integration.

## Control Mechanism

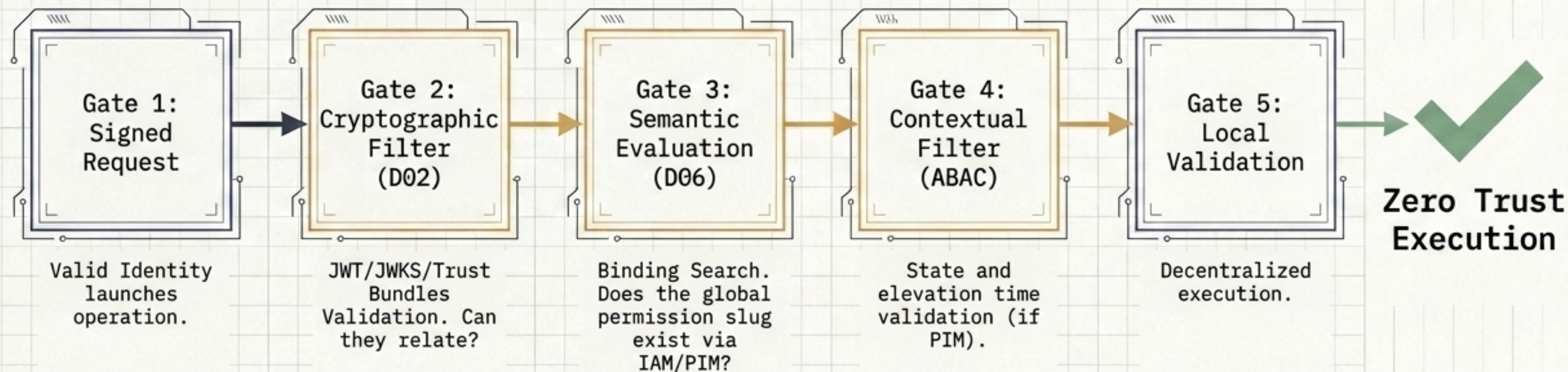
- Machine identities operate mainly under persistent IAM roles.
- They are governed by the same global permissions, bindings, and ABAC restrictions as human identities.
- Inter-application communication requires cryptographically signed workloads (D02).

# Application Integration: The Unified Administrative Plane



- ◆ **Functional Autonomy:** The app maintains 100% control over its business logic, public APIs, and internal processes.
- ◆ **Delegated Administrative Layer:** The app synchronizes its permissions (manifests) with InfraApp, consuming the platform to govern administrative users, privilege elevation, and auditing.

# Distributed Authorization Flow (Synthesis)



# Architectural Conclusions

SkyDefended InfraApp implements a sovereign layer of distributed authorization governance built on explicit cryptographic trust.

## Control

Maintains global semantic authority.

## Access

Materializes the operational and contextual authorization.

## Applications

Consume IAM/PIM/ABAC while retaining absolute functional autonomy.

Architecture complete. End of D86 specification.